Election Study Serbia November 1999
This pre-election study was based on a proportional stratified probability sample (N=1600) and compiled to test and esteem the chances of democratic coalition “Alliance for Change” intending to unite all parties against Milosevic’s regime. The fieldwork was carried out by psychologists and other fellows, the field associates of the Permanent Network of the Center for Political Studies and Public Opinion Research, Institute of Social Sciences, Belgrade in the end of November 1999. The stages in sampling procedure were demographic regions, randomly chosen municipalities, and local communities in villages and city districts where respondents were selected randomly, mostly from voters’ lists. The average rate of non-response was only 13%, which demonstrated that the majority of citizens were impatiently waiting for the elections to vote. Standard error was estimated at maximum 3% (P=95%), for the greatest variability of dichotomous variables (situation 50% vs. 50%).