Pre-Election Study - Presidential Elections Serbia
May 2000
In the period from 4\textsuperscript{th} to 8\textsuperscript{th} May 2000 the interviewers of the Center for Political Studies and Public Opinion Research, Institute of Social Sciences, Belgrade questioned a sample of 1152 adult respondents (18 years and over) having the right to vote. The model of the sample implied the logic of multistage proportional stratified sampling, which had already been applied previously in surveys done by the Center. The first stage included demographic regions, the second one randomly chosen municipalities, and the third one local communities, also randomly selected from the list of cumulative frequencies of voters’ population. The non-response rate registered in this research was the lowest (only 12\%). The contents of the questionnaire dealt with the ability of a new, just formed democratic coalition of 18 parties to stand against ruling parties of Milosevic’s regime. Standard error for simple probabilistic sample of this number of cases reached about 3\%, but the applied quota procedure inside the third stage of sampling did not allow accounting the SE.