

Iceland
ISSP 2013 – National Identity III
Study Description

2015-02-09

ISSP Study Description Form

Please use this form for reporting on Module 2006 and later!

Study title: The International Attitude Survey 2013

Fieldwork dates: Start: 2013-06-30 End: 2014-03-21

Principal investigators: Ágústa Edda Björnsdóttir and Hrefna Guðmundsdóttir. Social Science Research Institute – University of Iceland.

Sample type: Random sample from the National Registry

Fieldwork institute: Social Science Research Institute – University of Iceland.

Fieldwork methods: Face to face and web interviews.

N. of respondents: number of respondents in the final ISSP file: 1082

Details about issued sample:

Please follow the standards laid down in AAPOR/WAPOR, Standard Definitions: http://www.aapor.org/uploads/standarddefs_4.pdf. The numbers in the parentheses are those used in Tables 2 and 3 of Standard Definitions.

1. Total number of starting or issued names/addresses (gross sample size) *	...2109.....
2. Interviews (1.0)	...1082.....
3. Eligible, Non-Interview	
A. Refusal/Break-off (2.10)	...595.....
B. Non-Contact (2.20)	...137.....
C. Other	
i. Language Problems (2.33)	...94.....
ii. Miscellaneous Other (2.31, 2.32, 2.35)	...67.....
3. Unknown Eligibility, Non-Interview (3.0)	...35.....
4. Not Eligible	
A. Not a Residence (4.50)
B. Vacant Residence (4.60)	...2.....
C. No Eligible Respondent (4.70)	...74.....
D. Other (4.10,4.90)	...23.....

* When new sample units are added during the field period via a new dwelling units list or other standard updating procedure, these additional issued units are added to the starting number of units to make up the total gross sample size. Also, when substitution is used, the total must include the originally drawn cases plus all substitute cases. See AAPOR/WAPOR Standard Definitions, pp. 9-10 for further clarification.

Language(s): Icelandic

Weight present: Yes

Weighting procedure: When weighing the data we got information from Statistics Iceland about the number of men and women living in the capital and rural area respectively classified by their age. The data was weight by these information.

Known systematic properties of sample:

Deviations from ISSP questionnaire: We added questions about gender roles, financial issues and status(placement) in society

Publications: No