

# AUTNES Coding of Party Press Releases 2013

## Coding procedure & overview of variables

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## Introduction

This document describes the coding of party press releases by the Austrian National Election Study (AUTNES), a National Research Network funded by the Austrian Science Fund (FWF) (grant no. S10903-G11). The document contains an outline of the coding procedure and an overview of all variables. Inquiries on further details regarding the data and coding can be directed at Laurenz Ennser-Jedenastik ([laurenz.ennser@univie.ac.at](mailto:laurenz.ennser@univie.ac.at)) at the University of Vienna's Department of Government.

### **How to cite these data:**

Data users are kindly asked to acknowledge the data *and* the accompanying release document. Please refer to the GESIS data catalogue ([www.gesis.org](http://www.gesis.org)) for a recommendation on how to cite the data and the documentation.

### **File name:**

"ZA5861\_v1.0.0"

## Conditions of use

### **Restrictions**

The data are available for non-profit use without restrictions.

### **Confidentiality**

AUTNES, the Principal Investigators and the funding institution bear no responsibility for the use of the data, or for interpretations or inferences based on their use, neither do they accept liability for indirect, consequential or incidental damages or losses arising from use of the data.

### **Deposit requirement**

In order to facilitate exchanges within the scientific community and to provide funding agencies with essential information about use of archival resources users of the AUTNES data are requested to notify the AUTNES team of all forms of publications making use of AUTNES data.

## Coding procedure

The AUTNES coding of party press releases covers all press releases that were issued by relevant parties (those gaining at least two percent of the vote) in the six weeks prior to the election. All press releases in Austria are delivered to newspapers and broadcasters through a centralized system run by the Austria Press Agency (APA), which makes press releases a highly effective communication tool.

Out of all press releases issued during the last six weeks of the campaign (which we obtained through APA Online Manager and [www.ots.at](http://www.ots.at)) we pre-select those that were sent out by parties (including regional branches, parliamentary caucuses, and ancillary organizations).

These press releases were then presented to coders who discarded all messages issued by very marginal party actors, as well as press releases containing only technical information on campaign events, audio or video content. The remaining set of *relevant senders* comprises all candidates for the election, government ministers (including in the *Länder*), members of parliament, party officers at the national level, as well as collective actors such as the party organizations themselves and party sub-organizations for women, youth, and the elderly. Only messages from a sender defined as relevant were coded.

The coding procedure applies the AUTNES schema of subjects, predicates, and objects to press releases. The subject is the person or party that features as the conveyor of the message in the title of the press release. Coders record the subject's name (if an individual is present) and his or her party affiliation. If no individual can be identified as the sender in the title of the press release, only the party that issued the press release is recorded as the subject. Up to two subjects are coded.

There are two types of objects: issues and object actors. Issues are recorded by coders selecting from the AUTNES issue coding scheme the one issue that fits the content of the press release's title best. The issue predicate indicates whether the subject's position towards the issue is one of support (+1), rejection (-1), or conveys a neutral/ambivalent stance (0). This procedure (coding of predicate and issue) is repeated for the subtitle of the press release. Also, coders record whether the issue mentioned in the title refers to policy at the European Union level.

Up to three object actors are recorded from the information in the title of the press release, each with their name (if an individual is present) and organizational affiliation. The list of object actors includes mostly politicians and parties, but also other actors such as EU institutions, journalists, NGOs, or foreign governments. Up to three object actor predicates categorize the relation between the subject and each object actor as support (+1), criticism/rejection (-1), or neutral (0).

In addition to the basic subject-predicate-object structure we code four more variables: character traits for all object actors, party records for all subject and object actors, justifications for issue statements, and the incident that triggered the press release. Coders may use information from the title, subtitle, and the first paragraph of the press release for these variables.

*Character traits* are recorded for all object actors that meet the criteria for ‘relevant senders’ (see above). We use five categories, each with a positive or negative sign: competence (+/-), leadership qualities (+/-), character (+/-), appearance (+/-), and a residual category (+/-).

*Party records* are coded if the subject in the press release refers his/her own or an opponent’s past behavior (most typically government politicians praising their policy achievements, or opposition parties criticizing governments for policy failures, misconduct, or scandals). Three categories are used: no record, record related to the issue coded from the title, record unrelated to issue coded from the title. Again, records are only coded for actors that fit the criteria for ‘relevant sender’ (see above).

*Justifications* are coded if subject actors give specific reasons for the issue positions coded from the title. For instance, an actor may argue for EU membership based on an economic rationale (e.g. benefits from increased trade), whereas another may take the same issue position but justify it based on more universal principles (e.g. peace and stability in Europe). These justifications are recorded in eleven categories: economy, welfare (expansion), welfare (retrenchment), protection of the environment, security, education, governance, ethnic-nationalist, religious, universalistic, plus a residual category.

For the *trigger variables* we record the event that can most plausibly be described as having triggered the press release. It is typically the last element in the causal chain that leads to the writing of the press release. For instance, politicians often respond to actions or statements by their opponents, or to some recent political event (e.g. a parliamentary debate, an international or EU summit, a campaign rally, or a televised debate between party leaders). These are the events that are recorded as triggers of the press release. First, the arena of that event is coded into one of six categories: not discernable, media, government, international politics (including the EU), party, and other. The first category (‘not discernable’) is used when politicians respond to statements by other politicians without making explicit in which context these statements were made. Second, we record the actor (individual or collective) that is associated with the event (thus the person making a statement or undertaking some action). For individuals, name and organizational affiliation are recorded.

#### pre\_selection\_id

- *Description:* pre\_selection\_id
- *Type:* numeric

#### ots\_id

- *Description:* ID to identify individual press releases.
- *Type:* string

#### coder

- *Description:* ID to identify the coder of the press release.
- *Type:* numeric

#### v0 party

- *Description:* This variable entails the party authoring the press release.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (1100000) SPÖ
  - (1200000) ÖVP
  - (1300000) FPÖ
  - (1400000) Grüne
  - (1500000) BZÖ
  - (1600000) Team Stronach
  - (1700000) Liste Fritz
  - (1800000) KPÖ
  - (1900000) LIF
  - (2200000) CPÖ
  - (2400000) NEOS
  - (2500000) EUAUS

#### v1 sender

- *Description:* This variable records the three-letter APA channel through which the press release was sent.
- *Type:* string

#### v2 keywords

- *Description:* This variable entails the keywords of the press release.
- *Type:* string

#### v3 title

- *Description:* This variable entails the title of the press release.
- *Type:* string

#### v4 subtitle

- *Description:* This variable entails the subtitle of the press release.
- *Type:* string

#### v5 text

- *Description:* This variable entails the wording of the press release.
- *Type:* string

#### v6 subject 1: name

- *Description:* Name of first subject actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of individuals

#### v7 subject 1: organisation

- *Description:* Organisational affiliation of first subject actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of organisations

#### v8 subject 2: name

- *Description:* Name of second subject actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of individuals

#### v9 subject 2: organisation

- *Description:* Organisational affiliation of second subject actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of organisations

#### v10 subject\_record

- *Description:* Reference to subject actor's record.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (0) no record
  - (1) record referring to issue in title (v11)
  - (2) record not referring to issue in title (v11)

#### v11 title: issue

- *Description:* Coded issue of the title.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of issues



#### v12 title: issue predicate

- *Description:* Position towards the coded issue of the title.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (-1) reject/criticise
  - (0) neutral
  - (1) support
  - (.) no issue coded

#### v13 title: reference to EU

- *Description:* Does the title refer to regulations on the European level?
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (0) no reference to EU
  - (1) reference to EU

#### v14 subtitle: issue

- *Description:* Coded issue of the subtitle.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of issues

#### v15 subtitle: issue predicate

- *Description:* Position towards the coded issue of the subtitle.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (-1) reject/criticise
  - (0) neutral
  - (1) support
  - (.) no issue coded

#### v16 subtitle: reference to EU

- *Description:* Does the subtitle refer to regulations on the European level?
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (0) no reference to EU
  - (1) reference to EU

#### v17 justification

- *Description:* Justification of issue.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (1) no justification

- (2) economy
- (3) welfare state: expansive
- (4) welfare state: protective
- (5) environment
- (6) security
- (7) education
- (8) governance
- (9) ethnic-national
- (10) religious
- (11) universalistic
- (12) not discernible
- (.) no issue coded

#### **v18 object 1: name**

- *Description:* Name of first object actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of individuals

#### **v19 object 1: organisation**

- *Description:* Organisational affiliation of the first object actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of organisations

#### **v20 object 1: predicate**

- *Description:* Relation of the subject actor coded towards first the object actor.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (-1) reject/criticise
  - (0) neutral
  - (1) support
  - (.) Missing

#### **v21 object 1: record**

- *Description:* Reference to first object actor's record.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (0) no record
  - (1) record referring to issue in title (v11)
  - (2) record not referring to issue in title (v11)

#### **v22 object 1: attribute**

- *Description:* Reference to first object actor's attributes.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*

- (1) no attribute
- (2) competence: +
- (3) competence: –
- (4) character: +
- (5) character: –
- (6) leadership: +
- (7) leadership: –
- (8) appearance: +
- (9) appearance: –
- (10) not discernible: +
- (11) not discernible: –
- (.) no object actor coded or not relevant object actors coded

The variables v23 to v32 are coded with the same categories as the variables v18 to v22:

v23 object 2: name

v24 object 2: organisation

v25 object 2: predicate

v26 object 2: record

v27 object 2: attribute

v28 object 3: name

v29 object 3: organisation

v30 object 3: predicate

v31 object 3: record

v32 object 3: attribute

v33 trigger: arena

- *Description:* Indicates in which arena the press release was triggered.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:*
  - (1) no trigger present/mentioned
  - (2) arena not discernible (actor present)
  - (3) media
  - (4) government
  - (5) international
  - (6) party
  - (7) other

v34 trigger: name

- *Description:* Indicates which individual triggered the press release.
- *Type:* numeric
- *Values:* according to AUTNES list of individuals

#### v35 trigger: organisation

- *Description*: Organisational affiliation of the individual who triggered the press release.
- *Type*: numeric
- *Values*: according to AUTNES list of organisations

#### v36 bipartisan press release

- *Description*: Indicates whether the press release was issued in by politicians from two different parties. This happens only on extremely rare occasions.
- *Type*: numeric
- *Values*:
  - (0) bipartisan
  - (1) partisan