

Slovakia
ISSP 2016 – Role of Government
Study Description

ISSP Study Description Form

Please use this form for reporting on Module 2006 and later!

Study title: **ISSP 2016 (Name of study in the Slovak Archive of Social data: CSES and ISSP Slovakia 2016)**

Fieldwork dates: Start: 2016-10-13
End: 2016-11-28

Principal investigators: Miloslav Bahna, Institute for Sociology of Slovak Academy of Sciences

Sample type: Two stage sampling procedure was used: 1) 200 primary sampling units (PSU) were chosen according to population characteristics, 2) in each PSU 15 households were selected with a random walk procedure, one interview per household was conducted using the last birthday method.

Fieldwork institute: TNS Slovakia s.r.o.

Fieldwork methods: Face to face interviews

N. of respondents: number of respondents in the final ISSP file: 1150

Details about issued sample:

Please follow the standards laid down in AAPOR Standard Definitions:

http://www.aapor.org/AAPOR_Main/media/publications/Standard-Definitions20169theditionfinal.pdf

The numbers in the parentheses are those used in Tables 2 and 3 of Standard Definitions.

1. Total number of starting or issued names/addresses (gross sample size) *	1904
2. Interviews (1.0)	1150
3. Eligible, Non-Interview	
A. Refusal/Break-off (2.10)	479
B. Non-Contact (2.20)	275
C. Other	
i. Language Problems (2.33)
ii. Miscellaneous Other (2.31, 2.32, 2.35)
4. Unknown Eligibility, Non-Interview (3.0)
5. Not Eligible	
A. Not a Residence (4.50)
B. Vacant Residence (4.60)
C. No Eligible Respondent (4.70)
D. Other (4.10,4.90)

* When new sample units are added during the field period via a new dwelling units list or other standard updating procedure, these additional issued units are added to the starting number of units to make up the total gross sample size. Also, when substitution is used, the total must include the originally drawn cases plus all substitute cases.

Language(s): Slovak

Weight present: yes

Weighting procedure: Weight was constructed according to the following demography characteristics: sex, age group (18-29, 30-39, 40-49, 50-59, over 60), education (unfinished lower secondary education, lower secondary education, upper secondary education, upper secondary education enabling university entry, tertiary education), community size (up to 1000, 1001-5000, 5001-20000, 20001-100000, over 100000) and county structure (8 counties).

Known systematic properties of sample: The sample under-represents respondents from large cities. It over-represents small municipalities, older women and people with lower

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Deviations from ISSP education.
questionnaire: No questions were omitted.
Publications: