# EUROBAROMETER 33

MARCH-APRIL 1990

# BASIC ENGLISH QUESTIONNAIRE

INRA (EUROPE)

Note: The basic questionnaire is provided only as a guide to the survey questions. Please see the SPSS data definitions and document statements or the archival codebook for changes in coding schemes and for country specific answer categories (political parties, income, regions etc.).

		1	
COUNTRY CO	DE		
		_	
	+++ 	2	
OUR SURVEY	NUMBER (033)		
INTERVIEW	+++ 	3	
INIEKVIEW	NOEDEK .		
	+++++ 	4	
	e you (NATIONALITY) ? (IF YES) Do you know whether your name appears in the Electoral Ro		
_	ople entitled to vote at the next General Election), under your present address, at anote pear at all?  at present address	5 1 2 3 4	dress or does not  CLOSE INTERVIEW
	EB32 - Q1 - TREND		
	the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all sata ad ? Would you say you are ? (READ OUT)		with the life you
	very satisfiedfairly satisfied		
	not very satisfied		
	not at all satisfied DK	4 5	
		3	
	EB32 - Q3 -TREND		
	the whole, are you very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all mocracy works in (YOUR COUNTRY) ? Would you say you are ? (READ OUT)  very satisfied		fied with the way
	fairly satisfied	2	
	not very satisfiednot at all satisfied		
	DK	5	
	EB32 - Q4 -TREND		
	en you hold a strong opinion, do you ever find yourself persuading your friends, relatives or ur views ? Does this happen ? (READ OUT)	fellow	workers to share
•	often		
	from time to timerarely	2	
	never	4	
	DK	5	

EB32 - Q5 -TREND

Q.5.	When you get together with friends, would you say you discuss political matters frequently, occas		or never ?
	frequentlyoccasionally.	9 1 2	
	never	3	
	DK.	4	
	EB32 - Q6 - TREND		
		_	
Q.6 T	There is a lot of talk these days about what (YOUR COUNTRY)'s goals should be for the next ten or fire On this card are listed some of the goals that different people say should be given top priority. Would you please say which one of them you yourself consider to be most important in the long run (SHOW CARD ** - ONE ANSWER ONLY).  And what would be your second choice ?	?	
+   		Most impo	+ ORTANT GOALS  -++
i		1st	2nd
+   mai	intaining order in the country	10 1	11 1
aiv	ving the people more say in important government decisions	+   2	2
+			i i
	ghting rising prices	3 +	3
pro	otecting freedom of speech	4	4
DK		+   5	5
+	EB32 -Q7 - TREND	+	-+
Q.8.	describes your own opinion (SHOW CARD **, ONE ANSWER ONLY) ?  The entire way our society is organised must be radically changed by revolutionary action.  Our society must be gradually improved by reforms.  Our present society must be strongly defended against all subversive forces.  DK.  EB32 - Q8 - TREND  In general, are you for or against efforts being made to unify Western Europe ? Are you ? (Ri for - very much.  for - to some extent.  against - to some extent.  against - very much.  DK.  EB32 - Q14 - TREND	2 3 4 EAD OUT)	
Q.9.	Generally speaking, do you think that (YOUR COUNTRY'S) membership of the European Community ((READ OUT)  a good thing		tet) is ?
	EB32 - Q15 - TREND		
Q.10.	Taking everything into consideration, would you say that (YOUR COUNTRY) has on balance benefit member of the European Community (Common Market) ?  benefited		from being a
	EB32 - Q16 - TREND		
Q.11.	. If you were told tomorrow that the European Community (Common Market) had been scrapped, would it, indifferent or very relieved ?	you be ver	y sorry about
	very sorry		
	indifferent	2	
	very relieved. DK.	3 4	

EB32 - Q17 - TREND

(ASK Q.	12 - 13, IN REPUBLIC OF IRELAND ONLY)	
Q.12.	In the European Community, each Member State, in turn, becomes the President of the Counci months. Just now, it's the turn of the REPUBLIC OF IRELAND. Have you recently read in the newspator television anything about the Irish presidency?  Yes	pers or heard on radio 7 1
	NoDK	2 3
	EB32 - Q43 - TREND	
Q.13.	Whether you have heard about it or not, do you think it is important or not that the REPUBLIC O of the Council of Ministers of the European Community at this time ? Would you say it is ? (R	
	Very important	
	Important	2
	Not very important	3
	Not at all important	4
	DK	5
	EB32 - Q44 - TREND	
(IN ALL	COUNTRIES)	
Q.14.	To what extent would you say you are interested in politics ? (READ OUT)	
	a great deal1	9 1
	to some extent	2
	not much	3
	not at all	4
	DK	5
	EB32 - Q37 - TREND	
Q.15.	And as far as European politics are concerned, that is matters related to the European Community	, to what extent would
	you say that you are interested in them ? (READ OUT)	
	a great deal	2
	not much.	3
	not at all.	4
	DK.	5
	EB32 - Q38 - TREND	
Q.16.	Whether or not you have the time to take a personal interest in European Community matters, do y very important, important, not very important or not at all important for the future of (YOUR COUNTRY) ?	
	very important	
	important	2
	not very important Not at all important	3 4
	DK.	5
		-
	EB32 - Q39 - TREND	
Q.17.	If you wanted to get more information about the European Community, which sources of informat (MULTIPLE ANSWERS ALLOWED - SHOW CARD **)	
	Books, publications2	2 1,
	Press articles	2,
	Radio programmes	3,
	Video cassettes	4, 5,
	Video Cassettes. Conferences.	6,
	Visits to European institutions.	7,
	Training courses.	8,
	Special information displays in the town halls, libraries, public places, etc	9,
	Others	10,
	Not interested in more information (SPONTANEOUS)	11,
	DK	12,

EB33 - NEW

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Q.18.	Do you ever think of yourself as not only (NATIONALITY), but also European ? Does this happen often never ?	, sometimes or
	Often. 23	1
	Sometimes.	2
	Never	3
	DK	4
	EB31 - Q377 - TREND MODIFIED	
Q.19.	There is a certain way of life, on standard of behaviour and values, that may be considered more s	pecifically European
2.12.	than others. To which of the following aspects of Europe are you personally most attached POSSIBLE) (SHOW CARD **)	
	Culture	1,
	Peace	2,
	Democracy	3,
	Way of life (customs and habits, etc)	4,
	Standard of living	5,
	Quality of life	6,
	I don't think specifically European values exist (SPONTANEOUS)	7,
	DK	8,
	EB33 - NEW	
Q.20.	Nowadays athletes of many nationalities compete in international sports events. Which of the follow closest to your own personal opinion ?	ing statements comes
	A. I can feel proud only when an athlete or a team from my country wins	1
	I am also European	2
	DK	3
	EB33 - NEW	
Q.21.	At the 1992 Olympic Games in Barcelona and Albertville, would you be in favour or not in favour our country wearing on their shirts the emblem of the European Community next to the emblem of our If in favour: would that be very much or to some extent?  If against: would that be very much or to some extent?	
	IN FAVOUR - very much	1
	IN FAVOUR - to some extent	2
	AGAINST - to some extent	3
	AGAINST - very much	4
	DK	5
	EB33 - NEW	
Q.22.	The Commission of the European Communities is of the opinion that the free movement of workers	should be applied to
	sports.  Specifically for football, would you be for or against limiting the number of foreign football teams in this country ? Would you be ? (READ OUT)	players in the club
	Totally for	1
	For - with some restrictions.	2
	Against - with some exceptions	3
	Totally against	4

EB33 - NEW

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Q.23 For each of the following sports, can you tell me whether you are personaly interested in them or not ? (SHOW CARD \*\* - READ OUT) ?

<del>!</del>	+			+	+		
			YES	 	NO		DK
Athletics	28	1		2		3	
Basketball	29	1		2		3	
Golf	30	1		2		3	
Football	31	1		2		3	
Horse events and show jumping	32	1		2		3	
Gymnastics	33	1		2		3	
Judo	34	1		2		3	
Cycling	35	1		2		3	
Sailing	36	1		2		3	
Swimming	37	1		2		3	
Handball	38	1		2		3	
Tennis	39	1		2		3	
Rugby	40	1		2		3	
Motor sports	41	1	<b>_</b>	2		3	
Volley ball	42	1		2		3	
Skiing	43	1		2	<b></b>	3	<b>_</b>
				<b></b>			

EB33 - NEW

Q.24.	Regarding the European Community and Sport, which of the following opinions comes closest to your own ? (READ OUT)	
	The European Community should associate its name with top sports events	
	The European Community should associate its name with other levels of sports events 2	
	DK	

EB33 - NEW

Q.25. SUMMERTIME, which means we put our clocks forward one hour from spring to autumn, has been in operation for some years in all European countries. The main reason was to save electricity. It has how been proved that there are no significant energy savings. On the other hand, the extra one hour of daylight gives the opportunity for more leisure and outdoor activities. On the whole, are you personally very satisfied, fairly satisfied, not very satisfied or not at all satisfied with this arrangement?

Very satisfied	45	1
Fairly satisfied		2
Neither satisfied, nor dissatisfied (SPONTANEOUS)		3
Not very satisfied		4
Not at all satisfied		5
Indifferent (SPONTANEOUS)		6
DK		7

EB33 - NEW

Q.26. Irrespective of whether you are satisfied or not, do you think that we should  $\dots$  (READ OUT) ?

(APPLY THE WORD "SUMMERTIME" INSTEAD OF "PUT THE CLOCKS FORWARDS" ONLY IF THIS IS UNAMBIGUOUS IN YOUR COUNTRY)

continue to put the clocks forward during the summer, as at present, or 4	16	1
give up putting the clocks forward altogether		2
DK		3

EB29 - Q146 - TREND MODIFIED

2.27	Have you read in the papers, seen on television or heard anything about the Single European Market of 1992 ?   Yes
	EB32 - Q19 - TREND
2.28	Personally would you say that the Single European Market which will come about by 1992 makes you feel very hopeful, rather hopeful, rather fearful or very fearful?  very hopeful
	EB32 - Q22 - TREND
2.29	Overall, do you think that the completion of the Single European Market in 1992 will be - for people like you - a good thing, a bad thing, or neither a good nor a bad thing?  a good thing
	EB32 - Q23 - TREND
2.30	Some people believe that certain areas of policy should be decided by (NATIONAL) government, while other areas of policy should be decided jointly within the European Community.  Which of the following areas of policy do you think should be decided by the (NATIONAL) government, and which should be decided jointly within the European Community ? (READ OUT)

     	+          the	Should be decided by (NATIONAL) government	Should be decided jointly within the European Community	DK
Security and defence	50	1	2	3
Protection of the environment	51	1	2	3
Currency	52	1	2	3
Co-operation with developing countries, Third World	53	1	2	3
Health and social welfare	54	1	2	3
Education	55	1	2	3
Basic rules for broadcasting and press	56	1	2	3
Scientific and technological research	57	1	2	3
Rates of VAT (Value Added Tax)	58	1	2	3
Foreign policy towards countries outside the European Community	59	1	2	3
Participation of workers' representatives on company boards of Directors	60	1	2	3
Protection of computer-based information on individuals	61	1	2	3

# EB32 - Q24 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.31. The Council of Heads of States and governments of the European Community has adopted a declaration which constitutes a "Community Charter of Fundamental Social Rights", i.e. a set of common principles in all member-countries concerning the rights and responsibilities of workers and employers. Do you think such a declaration is a good thing or a bad thing?

good thing	 62	1
bad thing		2
neither good, nor bad thing (SPONTANEOUS)		3
DK		4

EB32 - Q26 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.32 After the declaration, which constitutes a "Community Charter of Fundamental Social Rights", the European Commission prepared a programme of Community legislation.
For each of the following areas, would you be in favour or not of basic regulations being applied in all the countries of the European Community?
(SHOW CARD \*\* - READ OUT)

+	+		++	
	    IN	FAVOUR	NOT IN   FAVOUR	DK
Freedom for each citizen of a member country to settle anywhere in the EC	63	1	2	3
Social protection, for example, setting a minimum income	64	1	2	3
Job related training for all citizens of the EC throughout their working lives	65	1	2	3
Information, consultation and participation for workers in matters concerning the company   where they work	+    66	1	2	3
Health and safety protection in relation to work	67	1	2	3
Protection of young workers	68	1	2	3
Protection of the social rights of the elderly	69	1	2	3
Protection of the disabled, for example their integration into working life	70	1	2	3
Hours of work, rest periods, holidays, night work and weekend work	71	1	2	3
Social rights in the EC for people from non-member countries	72	1	2	3
Protection of women in relation to work	73	1	2	3
Part-time and temporary work	74	1	2	3
	+			

#### EB33 - NEW

Q.33. The European Community has committed itself to complementing the Single European Market, with a social dimension, which includes, among other things, the Social Charter and a Social Action Programme. Taking into account what you have seen or heard in the papers, on the radio, or on television, would you say that you have sufficient information on this social dimension or not?

Sufficient	75	1
Insufficient		2
Never heard about this (SPONTANEOUS)		3
DK		4

#### EB33 - NEW

Q.34. Have you recently seen or heard, in the papers, on the radio, or on television, anything about the European Commission in Brussels, that is the Commission of the European Community ?

yes	76	1	GO TO Q35
no		2	GO TO Q36
את		3	GO TO 036

#### EB32 - O40 - TREND

Q.35. (IF YES IN Q.34) Has what you read or heard given you a generally favourable or unfavourable impression of the European Commission ?

generally favourable	77	1
generally unfavourable		2
neither favourable nor unfavourable (SPONTANEOUS)		3
DK		4

EB32 - Q41 - TREND

Q.36 We are currently witnessing rapid changes in Central and Eastern Europe.

In your opinion, what should the European Community do about this?

I am going to read you a number of statements. For each one, please tell me whether you tend to agree or tend to disagree. (SHOW CARD \*\* - READ OUT)

The European Community should (REPEAT EACH STATEMENT)	   	TEND TO AGREE	TEND TO DISAGREE	   	DK
Speed up its economic, political and monetary integration so that, by becoming stronger, it can participate more effectively in building a wider united democratic Europe	+      78	1	2	3	
Increase its budget in order to help the countries of Central and Eastern Europe in their progress towards democracy and their economic reforms	+    79	1	2	3	
Partially reduce its subsidies to less developed regions of the EC in order to help the countries of Central and Eastern Europe in their progress towards democracy and their economic reforms	      80	1	2	3	
Allow the countries of Central and Eastern Europe to also benefit from the programmes and resources currently available only to member-countries, in the fields of technological research, youth training and university student exchanges	        81	1	2	3	
Offer the countries of Central and Eastern Europe - on condition that they hold free elections - treaties of association and close economic and political cooperation, without necessarily envisaging their becoming EC members	+          82	1	2	3	
Treat East Germany - GDR - as a special case and offer it membership of the EC as soon as democracy and an open economy have been established	+    83	1	2	3	
Prepare itself for each of the countries of Central and Eastern Europe that requests it to join the EC, as soon as it has established democracy and an open economy	      84	1	2	3	

#### EB33 - NEW

	EDSS - INEW
Q.37.	Since the political changes that have taken place in the countries of Central and Eastern Europe, would you say you are more conscious of the European Community to which we belong, less conscious or is there no difference?  more conscious
	EB33 - NEW
Q.38.	In your opinion which of these two political objectives should be achieved first: the Single European Market or Western Europe and Eastern Europe coming much closer together?  The Single European Market
	EB33 - NEW
Q.39.	Thinking of urgent political objectives, which of these more important is to you: the unification of the two German states or the completion of the Single European Market by the beginning of 1993?  The unification of the two German states
	EB33 - NEW
Q.40.	And in your opinion, which of these two political objectives is more important for the citizens of West Germany: the unification of Germany or the Single European Market

EB33 - NEW

 The unification of Germany
 88
 1

 The Single European Market
 2

 Undecided (SPONTANEOUS)
 3

 DK
 4

Q.41.	And are you personally in favour, of or opposed to, the unification of the two German states ?  In favour	89 1
	Opposed	2
	DK	3
	EBFL 1989 - Q3 - TREND	
(ASK Q	42 - Q43 IN WEST GERMANY ONLY AND IF IN FAVOUR IN Q.41)	
Q.42.	Einmal angenommen die Vereinigung der beiden Staaten in Deutschland würde von dem Austritt der NATO und aus der Europäischen Gemeinschaft abhängig gemacht. Wären Sie persönlich (KARTE**) Grundsätzlich für die deutsche Vereinigung, auch unter der Bedingung des Austritts aus	-
	der NATO und aus der EG ? Nur für die Vereinigung unter der Bedingung des Verbleibs in der EG (aber des Austritts	
	aus der NATO) ? Nur für die Vereinigung unter der Bedingung des Verbleibs in der NATO (aber des	2
	Austritts aus der EG) ?	3
	Nur für die Vereinigung bei Verbleib in EG und NATO ?	4
	Weiss nicht	5
	EBFL 1989 - Q67 - TREND	
Q.43.	Der wirtschaftliche Entwicklungsstand von Bundesrepublik und DDR ist sehr unterschiedlich. Betr der Bundesrepublik werden für den Anfang als unabweisbar bezeichnet. Wenn dies für einige Jah Einkommen zugunsten der jetzigen DDR im vereinten Deutschland erforderte, auf wieviel Prozent ih wären Sie bereit zu verzichten ?  Auf gar nichts  Auf 5 %  Auf 10 %  Auf 15 %  Auf mehr als 15 %  Weiss nicht	re eine Senkung unserer res Jetzigen Einkommens
	EBFL 1989 - Q66 - TREND MODIFIED	
Q.44.	Thinking of the possible effects of political developments in Germany on European integration, statements comes closest to your personal opinion ? (READ OUT)  A unified Germany can be integrated into the European Community without any problem  German unification will interfere with the process of European integration	_
	I haven't thought about this matter.	3
	DK	4
	EB33 - NEW	
Q.45.	What do you think are the things that all Germans have in common ? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE - Language Literature/music/art History Way of life. Success in sport. Economic success. Sense of national identity. Relatives. DK.	

EB33 - NEW

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Q.46 Now, I would like to ask you a question about how much trust you have in people from various countries .

For each, please tell me whether you have a lot of trust of them, some trust, not very much trust or no trust at all ?

(SHOW CARD \*\* - READ OUT AND MARK AN ANSWER FOR EACH PEOPLE, INCLUDING YOUR OWN - 1 ANSWER PER LINE)

A LOT OF   SOME   NOT VERY   NO TRUST   NO KENT     Tealians	<b>+</b>	+	-+	+			+
Mest Germans						DK	
West Germans		94 1	2	3	4	5	Ĭ
British	West Germans	95 1	2	3	4	5	Ī
Trish	British	96 1	2	3	4	5	į
Belgians	Irish	97 1	2	3	4	5	į
Luxemburgers	Belgians	98 1	2	3	4	5	į
Dutch	Luxemburgers	99 1	2	3	4	5	ļ
Danish	Dutch	100 1	2	3	4	5	İ
French	Danish	101 1	2	3	4	5	į
Spanish	French	102 1	2	3	4	5	į
Greeks	Spanish	103 1	2	3	4	5	ļ
Turks	Greeks	104 1 	2	3	4	5	İ
Portuguese	Turks	105 1	2	3	4	5	į
Swiss	Portuguese	106 1	2	3	4	5	į
Americans (USA)	Swiss	107 1	2	3	4	5	Ī
Japanese	Americans (USA)	108 1	2	3	4	5	į
Russians (USSR)	Japanese	109 1	2	3	4	5	į
Chinese	Russians (USSR)	110 1	2	3	4	5	Ī
Poles	Chinese	111 1	2	3	4	5	į
Rumanians	•	112 1	2	3	4	5	į
Rumanians		113 1	2	3	4	5	į
East Germans		114 1 	2	3	4	5	İ
Bulgarians   117 1 2 3 4 5	Czechoslovaks	115 1 	2	3	4	5	†
	East Germans	116 1 	2	3	4	5	į
	Bulgarians	117 1	2	3	4	5	Ī
Yugoslavs   118 1 2 3 4 5	+	118 1 	2	3	4	5	į

#### EB25 - Q221 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.47.	Have you recently seen or heard, in the papers, on the radio or on TV, anything about the European the parliamentary assembly of the European Community ?	Parliament	, that is
	Yes	1 GO '	TO Q48
	No	2 GO '	TO Q49
	DK	3 GO :	TO Q49

EB32 - Q.45 - TREND

EB32 - Q.46 - TREND

Q.49. (ASK ALL)		EUDODEAN GOMENTE	
How important a part would you say the European Parliament plays IN T (READ OUT)	HE LIFE OF THE	EUROPEAN COMMUNIT	Y nowadays ?
Very important		121 1	
Important			
Not at all important			
DK		5	
EB32 - Q. 47 - TREND MODIFIED			
Q.50. And in your opinion, how important a part would you say the European P	Parliament plays	IN THE EVERYDAY	LIFE OF CITIZENS
nowadays ? (READ OUT)  Very important		100 1	
Very important Important			
Not very important		3	
Not at all important			
DR	•••••		
EB33 - NEW			
Q.51. Would you personally prefer the European Parliament played a more impor  More important			an it does now ?
Less important			
About the same (SPONTANEOUS)			
DK	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4	
EB32 - Q. 48 - TREND MODIFIED			
Q.52 Consideration is currently being given to increasing the powers of the Eur For each of the following areas, are you in favour or not of the European			
(READ OUT - SHOW CARD **)	Turriament bern	g ubic to	
! 		+ 	;
İ		NOT	į
	IN FAVOUR	IN FAVOUR	DK
Decide together with the Council of Ministers representing the national		,	
governments, on the legislation of the community	124 1	2	3   +
· 	125 1	2 	3
Approve the nomination of the members of the Commission of the European   Community	126 1	2	3
Ratify all international agreements and conventions before they come into		_	. !
force in the European Community	127 1	2 	3
EB33 - NEW  Q.53. Are you for or against the formation of a European Union with a  Parliament?	ı European gover	nment responsible	e to the European
for		128 1	
against			
DK	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	
EB32 - Q42 - TREND			
Q.54. How threatening to the (YOUR COUNTRY'S) way of life would you say threatening, somewhat threatening, not very threatening, or not at all	threatening ?		ney are extremely
Extremely threateningSomewhat threatening			
Not very threatening			
Not at all threatening			
DK	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5	
EB30 - Q419 - TREND			
Q.55. How threatening to the (YOUR COUNTRY'S) way of life would you say of threatening, somewhat threatening, not very threatening, or not at all	threatening ?		ey are extremely
Extremely threateningSomewhat threatening			
Not very threatening			
Not at all threatening			
DK	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5	
EB33 - NEW			

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Q.56 Now I am going to read you some statements about groups that are or might be active in politics.

Would you please tell me how strongly you agree or disagree with each of these statements about fascists ?

(SHOW CARD\*\* - READ OUT STATEMENT AND MARK AN ANSWER FOR EACH ITEM)

	   s:	rongly   Agree	AGREE	UNCERTAIN	DISAGREE	STRONGLY DISAGREE	_     DK
Fascists should be banned from putting up candidates for public office	    131		2	3	4	5	6
Fascists should be outlawed	132	1	2	3	4	5	6
Fascists should be ALLOWED to hold public   meetings in our town	  133	1	2	3	4	5	6

#### EB30 - Q415/Q418 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.57 Would you please tell me how strongly you agree or disagree with each of these statements about communists ? (SHOW CARD\*\* - READ OUT STATEMENT AND MARK AN ANSWER FOR EACH ITEM)

	+     s	TRONGLY   AGREE	AGREE	UNCERTAIN	DISAGREE	STRONGLY DISAGREE	DK
Communists should be banned from putting up   candidates for public office	134	1	2	3	4	5	6
Communists should be outlawed	135	1	2	3	4	5	6
Communists should be ALLOWED to hold public   meetings in our town	  136	1	2	3	4	5	6

EB33 - NEW

Let's turn to another topic ...

Q.58. I am going to show you a certain number of situations which expose people to radiation. From this list (SHOW LIST \*\*), could you tell me the two situations which in your opinion lead to the most serious consequences ? (TWO REPLIES ONLY)

Living near a nuclear power station	37	1,
Spending a long time in the mountains		2,
Living near a uranium mine		З,
Fallout from military testing of atomic weapons		4,
Having an X-ray done		5,
Living near a road along which radioactive minerals or waste are transported		6,
Travelling in an aircraft at high altitude		7,
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)		8,
DK.		9,

EB31 - Q222 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.59 I am going to read out to you some opinions about nuclear energy and radioactivity. For each of these, could you tell me if you tend to agree or tend to disagree ?

     	+       	TEND TO AGREE	   TEND TO   DISAGREE	+     	DK
Living near a nuclear power station increases the risk of cancer or having   abnormal children	    138	1	2	3	
The problem of disposal of nuclear waste has not yet been solved	139	1	2	3	
In our country, the risk of radioactive contamination is lower than the   risk of chemical pollution	  140	1	2	3	
An accident like Chernobyl could not happen in a nuclear power station in our country (IN COUNTRIES WHERE THERE IS NO NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, CHANGE TO "A NUCLEAR POWER STATION IN WESTERN EUROPE")	        141	1	2	3	
A country which has a nuclear power station near its borders should keep its neighbouring countries constantly informed about the way the power station is operating	      142	1	2	3	

#### EB31 - Q223/225 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.60.	Generally	speaking,	are	you	very	satisfied,	quite	satisfied,	not	very	satisfied,	or	not	at	all	satisfie	1 with	the
	information	n you recei	ve ab	out r	adioact	tivity in ou	ır count	ry ?										
														_				

very satisfied	143	1	GO TO QUI
Quite satisfied		2	GO TO Q61
Not very satisfied		3	GO TO Q62
Not at all satisfied		4	GO TO Q62
DK		5	GO TO Q63

#### EB31 - Q226 - TREND

Q.61. (IF VERY SATISFIED OR QUITE SATISFIED IN Q.60) Which of the following reasons (SHOW CARD \*\*) best explain why you are satisfied with the information you get about radioactivity ? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

The information is trustworthy	1,
The information is sufficient	
The information is objective.	-
The information is objective	э,
The information is clear and well explained	4,
The information is interesting	5,
The information is given quickly and is widely circulated	6,
Other reason	7,
DK	8,

#### EB31 - Q227 - TREND MODIFIED

Q.62. (IF NOT VERY SATISFIED OR NOT AT ALL SATISFIED IN Q.60) Which of the following reasons (SHOW CARD \*\*) best explain why you are not satisfied with the information you get about radioactivity ? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

The	information i	is not trustworthy	5 1,
The	information i	is insufficient	2,
The	information i	is not objective	3,
The	information i	is complicated and badly explained	4,
The	information i	is not interesting	5,
The	information i	is given late and is not widely circulated	6,
Othe	r reason		7,
DK.			8,

EB31 - Q228 - TREND MODIFIED

#### Q.63 (ASK ALL)

Information on radioactivity levels can come from various sources. For each information source, which I read out to you please tell me to what extent you have confidence in it to tell you the truth about levels of radioactivity in (YOUR COUNTRY): complete confidence, a fair degree of confidence, not much confidence or no confidence at all?

		COMPLETE CONFIDENCE	FAIR DEGREE	NOT MUCH	     NO CONFIDENCE   AT ALL		DK
Environmental groups and associations	146	1	2	3	4	5	
Doctors	147	1	2	3	4	5	
Independent scientists	148	1	2	3	4	5	
University and school teachers	149	1	2	3	4	5	
Public authorities	150	1	2	3	4	5	

#### EB31 - Q229/233 - TREND

Q.64. Which of the following qualities would you particularly look for in people giving you information about levels of radioactivity in (YOUR COUNTRY) ? (SHOW CARD\*\*, SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

A high level of scientific expertise in the subject	151	1,	
Genuine independence from any economic or industrial interests		2,	
The ability to explain clearly what is going on		3,	
Real understanding of what the general public is concerned about		4,	
Genuine independence from any political influence		5,	
A high level of expertise in health issues		6,	
Other		7,	
DK.		8,	

EB31 - Q234 - TREND MODIFIED

#### DEMOGRAPHICS

#### D.1. (ASK ALL)

In political matters people talk of "the left" and "the right".

How would you place your views on this scale ?

(SHOW CARD \*\* - DO NOT PROMPT. IF CONTACT HESITATES, ASK IN TO TRY AGAIN)

	+   lef	+ Et									right
	152 	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
+	+										

#### EB32 - D1 -DEMO

#### EB32 - D2 -DEMO

D.3. (TO THOSE WHO SAY THEY ARE VERY CLOSE TO A PARTY, FAIRLY CLOSE OR SYMPATHISER - CODE 1 - 2 - 3 IN D2)
To which party DO YOU FEEL CLOSE ?

Party A	1
Party B	2
Party C	3
Party D	4
Party E	5
Party F	6
Party G	7
Party H	8
Party I	9
Party J	10
Party K	11
Party L	12
Party M	13
Party N	14
Party O	15
Party P.	16
Party O	17
Party R.	18
Party S	19
other Party.	20
DK	21

EB32 - D3 -DEMO

D.4.	(ASK ALL)		
	If there were a "General Election" tomorrow (SAY IF CONTACT UNDER 18 YEARS : and you had a vote), where the contact is the contact of the contact of the contact is the contact of the con	nich p	arty WOULD YOU
	VOTE for ?		
	Party A	1	
	Party B	2	
	Party C	3	
	Party D	4	
	Party E	5	
	Party F	6	
	Party G	7	
	Party H	8	
	Party I	9	
	Party J	10	
	Party K.	11	
	Party L	12	
	Party M	13	
	Party N.	14	
	Party O	15	
	Party P.	16	
	Party Q.	17	
	Party R.	18	
	Party S.	19	
	other Party	20	
	would vote blank/would spoil your vote	21	
	would not vote.	22	
	DK.	23	GO TO D5
	no answer.	24	GO TO D5
	EB32 - D4 - DEMO		
D.5.	(IF DON'T KNOW OR NO ANSWER - CODE 23 OR 24 IN D4) Which party would you be INCLINED to vote for ?		
	Party A	1	
	Party B.	2	
	Party C.	3	
	Party D.	4	
	Party E.	5	
	Party F.	6	
	Party G.	7	
	Party H.	8	
	Party I	9	
	Party J.	10	
	Party K.	11	
	Party L.	12	
	Party M.	13	
	Party N.	14	
	Party O.	15	
	Party P.	16	
	Party O.	17	
	Party R.	18	
	Party S.	19	
	other Party.	20	
	would vote blank/would spoil your vote.	21	
	would not vote.	22	
	DK.	23	
	no answer	24	

EB32 - D5 - DEMO

no answer.....

INRA (EUROPE) - EUROBAROMETER 33 - SPRING 1990

D.6.	(ASK ALL)	
	Which party DID YOU VOTE for at the last "General Election" of (YEAR OF LAST GENERAL ELECTION) ?	
	Party A	1
	Party B	2
	Party C	3
	Party DParty E.	<b>4</b> 5
	Party F.	6
	Party G.	7
	Party H.	8
	Party I	9
	Party J	10
	Party K	11
	Party L.	12
	Party MParty N.	13 14
	Party O.	15
	Party P.	16
	Party Q	17
	Party R	18
	Party S	19
	other Party.	20
	Did vote blank/spoiled your votedid not vote	21 22
	don't remember	23
	no answer.	24
	EB32 - D6 - DEMO	
D.7.	Are you yourself or is anyone else in your household a member of a political party ? (MULTIPLE ANSWE	RS POSSIBLE)
	Yes, respondent	1,
	Yes, someone else in the household.	2,
	Nobody in the household	3, 4,
		-,
	EB32 - D7 - DEMO	
D.8.	Are you yourself or is anyone else in your household a member of a trade union ? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS P	OSSIBLE)
	Yes, respondent	1,
	Yes, someone else in the household	2,
	Nobody in the household	3,
	DK	4,
	EB32 - D8 - DEMO	
D.9.	(TO THOSE WHO ARE MEMBER OF A TRADE UNION : CODE 1 IN D8) Of which trade union are you a member ?	
	union A	1
	union B	2
	union C	3
	union D.	4 5
	union Eunion F.	6
	union G.	7
	union H.	8
	union I	9
	union J	10
	union K	11
	union L.	12
	union Munion N.	13 14
	union 0.	15
	union P.	16
	union Q	17
	union R	18
	other	19
	DK	20
	EB32 - D9 - DEMO	
D.10.	(ASK ALL)	
	Are you ?	
	single	
	married	2
	living as married.	3
	divorcedseparated.	4 5
	separatedwidowed	6

EB32 - D10 - DEMO

D.11.	How old were you when you finished your full-time education?  up to 14 years. 1.  15 years. 1.  16 years. 1.  17 years. 1.  18 years. 1.  20 years. 20 years. 21 years. 22 years and older. still studying.	3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	EB32 - D11 - DEMO	
D.12.	(SEX)  Male	54 1 2
D.13.	How old are you ? YEARS OF AGE	
	+++ 1: 	5
	EB32 - D13 - DEMO	
D.14.	How many people live in your household, including yourself, all adults and children ?  one	56 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
D.15.	How many children under 15 living at home ?  One	57 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

EB32 - D15 - DEMO

D.16.	We would like to analyse the survey results according to the income of the people we interviewed (SH Here is an income scale; we would like to know in what group your family is, counting all wages,	salaries, children
	allowances, pensions and any other income that comes in. Just give me the letter of the group your h before tax and other deductions.	ousehold falls into
	A	1
	В	2
	C	3
	D	4
	E	5
	F	6
	G	7
	н	8
	I	9 10
	K.	11
	L	12
	Refusal	13
	DK	14
	EB32 - D16 - DEMO	
D.17.	What is your occupation ?	
	(WRITE IN AND CODE)	
	SELF EMPLOYED	••••••
	01 FARMER 02 FISHERMAN 03 PROFESSIONAL (LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT, ETC) 04 OWNERS OF SHOPS OR COMPANIES, CRAFTSMEN, BUSINESS PROPRIETORS	
	EMPLOYED	
	05 EMPLOYED PROFESSIONAL (EMPLOYED LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT)	
	06 GENERAL MANAGEMENT	
	07 MIDDLE MANAGEMENT 08 OTHER OFFICE EMPLOYEES	
	09 NON-OFFICE EMPLOYEES, NON MANUAL WORKERS (SHOP ASSISTANTS, ETC)	
	10 SUPERVISORS	
	11 SKILLED MANUAL WORKER	
	12 OTHER MANUAL WORKER	
	WITHOUT PAID WORK	
	13 RETIRED	
	14 HOUSEWIFE NOT OTHERWISE EMPLOYED	
	15 STUDENT	
	16 MILITARY SERVICE 17 TEMPORARILY NOT WORKING, UNEMPLOYED	
	+++ 169	
	EB32 - D17 - DEMO	

D.18.	(TO THOSE WHO ARE NOT DOING ANY PAID WORK: CODES 13 TO 17 IN D17) Did you do any paid work What was your last occupation (WRITE IN AND CODE)	in the	e past ? (IF YES)
	SELF EMPLOYED	• • • • • •	
	01 FARMER		
	02 FISHERMAN		
	03 PROFESSIONAL (LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT, ETC) 04 OWNERS OF SHOPS OR COMPANIES, CRAFTSMEN, BUSINESS PROPRIETORS		
	EMPLOYED		
	05 EMPLOYED PROFESSIONAL (EMPLOYED LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT) 06 GENERAL MANAGEMENT 07 MIDDLE MANAGEMENT		
	08 OTHER OFFICE EMPLOYEES		
	09 NON-OFFICE EMPLOYEES, NON MANUAL WORKERS (SHOP ASSISTANTS, ETC)		
	10 SUPERVISORS		
	11 SKILLED MANUAL WORKER 12 OTHER MANUAL WORKER		
	00 NEVER DID ANY PAID WORK		
	<del></del>	170	
	EB32 - D18 - DEMO		
D.19.	(TO THOSE WHO DO OR DID PAID WORK : CODES 05 TO 12 IN D17, OR 05 TO 12 IN D18) Are you/were y	ou in .	?
	public employment	171 1	
	nationalised industry	2	
	private industry	3 4	
	private services	5	
	EB32 - D19 - DEMO		
D.20.	(TO THOSE WHO DO/DID PAID WORK OR ARE/WERE SELF EMPLOYED : CODES 01 TO 12 IN D17, OR 01 TO 1 people are working/were working where you work/worked ?		.8) How many paid
	none (works/worked alone or with family)		
	1 to 4	2	
	10 to 49.	4	
	50 to 499	5	
	500 and over	6	
	DK	7	
	EB32 - D20 - DEMO		
D.21.	(TO THOSE WHO DO OR DID PAID WORK OR WERE SELF-EMPLOYED : CODES 01 TO 12 IN D17, OR 01 TO 12 are working/were working under your supervision ?	IN D18)	How many people
	none		
	1 to 4	2	
	5 to 9	3 4	
	DK	5	
	EB32 - D21 - DEMO		
D.22.	(ASK ALL) Are you the head of the household ?		
	Yes	174 1	GO TO D25
	No	2	GO TO D23

EB32 - D22 - DEMO

D.23.	(ASK THOSE WHO ARE NOT HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD : CODE 2 IN D22) What is the occupation of the head of household ? (WRITE IN AND CODE)
	SELF EMPLOYED
	01 FARMER
	02 FISHERMAN 03 PROFESSIONAL (LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT, ETC)
	04 OWNERS OF SHOPS OR COMPANIES, CRAFTSMEN, BUSINESS PROPRIETORS
	EMPLOYED
	05 EMPLOYED PROFESSIONAL (EMPLOYED LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT)
	06 GENERAL MANAGEMENT 07 MIDDLE MANAGEMENT
	08 OTHER OFFICE EMPLOYEES
	09 NON-OFFICE EMPLOYEES, NON MANUAL WORKERS (SHOP ASSISTANTS, ETC) 10 SUPERVISORS
	11 SKILLED MANUAL WORKER
	12 OTHER MANUAL WORKER
	WITHOUT PAID WORK
	13 RETIRED
	14 HOUSEWIFE NOT OTHERWISE EMPLOYED
	15 STUDENT 16 MILITARY SERVICE
	17 TEMPORARILY NOT WORKING, UNEMPLOYED
	175
	+++ 175 
	EB32 - D23 - DEMO
D.24.	/AGY MUCCH WHERE WEAR OF HOUGHTON DOES NOW DO ANY PAIR MODY . GODES 12 MG 17 TV D22) Did the head of household d
D.24.	(ASK THOSE WHERE HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD DOES NOT DO ANY PAID WORK: CODES 13 TO 17 IN D23) Did the head of household do any paid work in the past? (IF YES) What was his/her last occupation? (WRITE IN AND CODE)
	477.7 TOPO ANTO
	SELF EMPLOYED
	01 FARMER
	02 FISHERMAN
	03 PROFESSIONAL (LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT, ETC) 04 OWNERS OF SHOPS OR COMPANIES, CRAFTSMEN, BUSINESS PROPRIETORS
	EMPLOYED
	05 EMPLOYED PROFESSIONAL (EMPLOYED LAWYER, MEDICAL PRACTICIONER, ACCOUNTANT)
	06 GENERAL MANAGEMENT 07 MIDDLE MANAGEMENT
	08 OTHER OFFICE EMPLOYEES
	09 NON-OFFICE EMPLOYEES, NON MANUAL WORKERS (SHOP ASSISTANTS, ETC)
	10 SUPERVISORS 11 SKILLED MANUAL WORKER
	12 OTHER MANUAL WORKER
	00 HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD NEVER DID ANY PAID WORK
	+++ 176 
	i i i

EB32 - D24 - DEMO

D.25.	(ASK ALL)		
	If you were asked to choose one of these five names for your social class, which would you so CARD ** - ONE ANSWER ONLY)	ay you bel	ong to ? (SHOW
	middle class	177 1	
	lower middle class	2	
	working class	3	
	upper class	4	
	upper middle classrefuses to be classified.	5 6	
	retuses to be classified.	7	
	DK.	8	
		· ·	
	EB32 - D25 - DEMO		
D.26.	Do you live in a house or an apartment ? And do you or your family own or rent your home ? (SHOW	-	
	Own outright or have mortgage on a house  Own outright or have mortgage on an apartment	178 1 2	
	Rent a privately owned house	3	
	Rent a privately owned apartment	4	
	Rent a Council, Municipal or Corporation house	5	
	Rent a Council, Municipal or Corporation apartment	6	
	Other (rent a room, live as a lodger, squatter, etc)	7	
	DK	8	
	EB32 - D26 - DEMO		
D 27	Would you gay you live in a 2 (DEAD OUT)		
D.27.	Would you say you live in a ? (READ OUT)  rural area or village	170 1	
	small or middle size town.		
	large town.	3	
	DK.	4	
	EB32 - D27 - DEMO		
D.28.	Do you consider yourself as belonging to a particular religion ? (IF YES) Which one ?		
	Roman catholic		GO TO D29
	Protestant	2	GO TO D29
	Orthodox	3	GO TO D29
	Jewish.	4	GO TO D29
	Muslim	5 6	GO TO D30
	Buttainist. Hindu.	7	GO TO D30 GO TO D30
	Other.		GO TO D30
	None	9	GO TO D30
	DK.	10	GO TO D30
	EB32 - D28 - DEMO		
D.29	·		
	Do you attend religious services several times a week, once a week, a few times a year, once ? (ONE ANSWER ONLY)	a year or	less or never
	Several times a week	181 1	
	once a week.	2	
	a few times a year	3	
	once a year or less	4	
	never	5	
	DK	6	
	EB32 - D29 - DEMO		
D.30.	(ACV ATT)		
יונים.	(ASK ALL) Whether you do or you don't follow religious practices, would you say that you are?		
	religious	182 1	
	not religious	2	
	an agnostic	3	
	an atheist	4	
	DK	5	

EB32 - D30 - DEMO

#### INTERVIEW PROTOCOLE

P.1 - Date and time of interview	D	Day	Month	<b>.</b> 								
	183 	     <sub>-</sub>	184   									
•			EB32	- P.1 -	DDOTO							
			1002	- <b></b> -	rkoro.							
P.2 - Time of the beginning of the interview	НС	OUR	MINUTES									
	185 	į	186   									
*			EB32	- P.2 -	PROTO.							
P.3 - NUMBER OF MINUTES THE INTERVIEW LASTED	   Minut	es										
	187   _ _	_										
		·	EB32	2 - P.3	- PROTO							
P.4 - Number of persons present during Two (interviewer and : Three	responde	ent).			••••••	 				8 1 2 3 4		
			EB32	- P.4 -	PROTO.							
P.5 - Respondent cooperation Excellent										9 1 2 3 4		
			EB32	- P.5 -	PROTO.							
P.6 - Size of locality												
LOCAL CODES												
190	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			EB32	- P.6 -	PROTO.							
P.7 - Région												
SEE LOCAL CODES												
								+-      -	-++ 19 	1		
			EB32	- P.7 -	PROTO.							
P.8 - POSTAL CODE												
						++         ++		-++	-++ 19 	2		
			EB32	- P.8 -	PROTO.							

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P.9 - SAMPLE POINT NUMBER

+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+	193
+++									

EB32 - P.9 - PROTO.

P.10 - INTERVIEWER NUMBER

+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+	194
Ì	Ì	İ	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	Ĺ	ĺ	
+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+	

EB32 - P.10 - PROTO.

P.11 - WEIGHTING FACTOR

+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+-	-+	195
+++									

EB32 - P.11 - PROTO.

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# **EUROBAROMETER 33**

Between March 19 and April 16, 1990, INRA (EUROPE) carried out the 33rd wave of the STANDARD EUROBAROMETER, on request of the COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES, Directorate General X, INFORMATION, COMMUNICATION AND CULTURE, Unit "Surveys, Research, Analyses".

INRA(Europe) is a European Network of Market- and Public Opinion Research agencies, co-ordinated by the European Co-ordination Office (E.C.O.), Avenue R. Vandendriessche 18, B - 1150 Brussels.

The results of the Eurobarometer are made available through the Unit "Surveys, Research, Analyses" of the DG ICC of the Commission of the European Communities. All requests for further information should be adressed to Mr. Karlheinz REIF, DG X - ICC - SRA, "Eurobarometer", Rue de la Loi 200, B-1049 Brussels.

All Eurobarometer data are stored at the Zentral Archiv (Universität Köln, Bachemer Strasse, 40, D-5000 Köln 41). They are at the disposal of all institutes members of the European Consortium for Political Research (Essex), of the Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (Michigan) and all those interested in social science research.

#### **DETAILS ON SAMPLING**

In all 12 countries of the European Community, in total 11.775 national citizens, of 15 years and over, were interviewed in face-to-face, in their private residence.

Entre le 19 mars et le 16 avril 1990, INRA (EUROPE) a réalisé la vague 33 de l'EUROBA-ROMETRE STANDARD, à la demande de la COMMISSION DES COMMUNAUTES EURO-PEENNES, Direction Générale X, Information, Communication et Culture, Unité "Sondages, Recherches, Analyses".

INRA (EUROPE) est une chaîne Européenne d'instituts de sondage d'opinion publique et d'études de marché, coordinée par le Bureau de Coordination Européen (E.C.O.), Avenue R. Vandendriessche 18, B - 1150 Bruxelles.

Les résultats de l'Eurobaromètre sont disponibles à travers l'Unité "Sondages, Recherches, Analyses" de la DG ICC de la Commission des Communautés Européennes. Toute demande d'information supplémentaire doit être adressée à Mr. Karlheinz REIF, DG X - ICC - SRA, "Eurobarometre", Rue de la Loi 200, B - 1049 Bruxelles.

Toutes les données relatives aux Eurobaromètres sont déposées au Zentral Archiv (Universität Köln, Bachemer Strasse, 40, D-5000 Köln 41). Elles sont tenues à la disposition des organismes membres du European Consortium for Political Research (Essex), du Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (Michigan) et des chercheurs justifiant d'un intérêt de recherche.

#### L'ECHANTILLONNAGE

Dans les 12 pays-membres de la Communauté Européenne, au total 11.775 citoyens nationaux de 15 ans et plus ont été interrogés en face-à-face à leur domicile.

# **COUNTRY/PAYS**

#### Belgique 953 Danmark 1000 Deutschland 1070 Ellas 1003 España 1001 France 1002 Italia 1012 Ireland 1012 Luxemboura 300 Nederland 1048 Portugal 1000 **UK: Great Britain** 1055 UK: Northern Ireland

The basic sample design applied in all Member States is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In all Member States a number of sampling points was drawn with probability proportional to population size. for a total coverage of each Member State, and to population density.

For doing so, the points were drawn systematically from all "administrative regional units" (list appended), after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the Member States according to the EUROSTAT-NUTS II and according to the distribution of the national, resident population in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas.

In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. That starting address formed the first of a cluster of addresses. The remainder of the cluster was selected as every Nth address by standard random route procedures from the initial address.

In Great Britain, a full random selection of respondents was applied, using electoral registers as sampling basis.

In each household the respondent was selected according to a random procedure, such as the first birthday method or the KISJ-grid. At every such address up to 2 recalls were made to achieve an interview with that respondent. The maximum number of interviews per household is one. All interviews were taken face to face

# NUMBER OF RESPONDENTS

319

Le principe d'échantillonnage, appliqué dans tous les pays-membres est une sélection aléatoire à multiples phases. Dans tous les pays-membres un certain nombre de points de chute sont tirés avec probabilité proportionnelle à la taille de la population, avec couverture totale de chaque état-membre, et à la densité de la population.

Les points de chute sont tirés systématiquement dans chacune des "unités régionales administratives" (liste en annexe), après stratification par unité et type de région. On représente ainsi le territoire complet de chaque pays-membre, selon les régions EUROSTAT-NUTS II et selon la distribution de la population nationale en termes d'urbanisation.

Dans chacun des points de chute, une adresse de départ est imposée, qui est sélectionnée aléatoirement. Cette adresse est la première d'un cluster d'adresses. Les autres adresses du cluster sont sélectionnées comme chaque adresse N, par procédure standardisée de "random route" de l'adresse initiale.

En Grande-Bretagne, une sélection purement aléatoire des répondants est appliquée, utilisant les listes électorales comme base de sélection.

Dans chaque ménage le répondant est sélectionné selon une procédure aléatoire, comme la méthode du premier anniversaire ou la grille dite KISJ. A chaque adresse, jusqu'à 2 révisites sont faites pour réaliser une interview avec la personne sélectionnée. Pas plus d'une interview par ménage n'est admise. Toutes les interviews sont réalisées en face à face.

## REALISATION OF THE FIELDWORK

# **REALISATION DU TERRAIN**

COUNTRY / PAYS	FROM: / DU:	TO: / AU:	POPULATION TOTAL:
Belgique	27/03	10/04	7 994.4
Danmark	24/03	16/04	4 160.4
Deutschland	23/03	10/04	51 708.0
Ellas	27/03	06/04	7 825.6
España	19/03	11/04	29 427.2
France	19/03	16/04	43 318.5
Ireland	21/03	07/04	2 501.3
Italia	26/03	07/04	45 902.8
Luxembourg	19/03	16/04	302.6
Nederland	23/03	03/04	11 603.6
Portugal	19/03	06/04	7 718.7
United Kingdom	24/03	16/04	45 721.1
EC12			258 184.9

In all member States, fieldwork was conducted on the basis of detailed and uniform instructions prepared by the European Co-ordination Office (ECO).

Dans chacun des pays-membres le terrain est réalisé sur base d'instructions détaillées et uniformes, préparées par le Bureau Européen de Coordination (ECO).

# COMPARISON BETWEEN SAMPLES AND UNIVERSES AND WEIGHTING OF THE DATA

For each of the countries a comparison between the samples and a proper universe description was carried out. This Universe decription was made available by the National Research Institutes and by EUROSTAT.

For all EC-member-countries a national weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellullar weighting, was carried out based on this Universe description. As such in all countries, minimum sex, age, region NUTS II and size of locality were introduced in the iteration procedure. For some countries extra variables were added, when considered necessary.

For international weighting INRA (EUROPE) applies the official population figures aged 15 years and older as published by EUROSTAT in the Regional Statistics Yearbook of 1988. The total population figures for input in this postweighting procedure are listed above.

# AVEC LA POPULATION ET PONDERATION

Pour chacun des pays une comparaison entre les échantillons et les chiffres de la population, description d'univers, est réalisée. Les chiffres d'univers sont mis à la disposition par les Instituts Nationaux et par EUROSTAT.

Pour tous les pays-membres une procédure de pondération nationale est réalisée, sur des données marginales ou croisées, tirées de cette description d'univers. Ainsi, dans tous les pays, au moins le sexe, l'âge, les régions NUTS II et la taille de l'agglomération sont introduits dans la procédure d'itération. Pour certains pays des variables supplémentaires sont introduites si nécessaire.

Pour pondérer au plan international, INRA (EU-ROPE) applique les données officielles de la population de 15 ans et plus, publiées par EU-ROSTAT dans l'Annuaire 1988 des Statistiques Régionales. Les chiffres exacts introduits dans cette routine de post-pondération sont résumés dans le tableau précédent.

## **ADMINISTRATIVE REGIONAL UNITS**

# **BELGIQUE:**

Hainaut Limburg Namur

Flandre Orientale Flandre Occidentale

Liège

Luxembourg **Brabant Flamand** 

Antwerpen Bruxelles **Brabant Wallon** 

# **DANMARK:**

Hovedstadsomradet Siaelland, Lolland-, Falster, Bornholm

Fyn **Jylland** 

# **DEUTSCHLAND:**

Schleswig Holstein Hamburg

**RB** Braunsweig **RB Hanover RB** Lüneburg **RB Weser-EMS** 

Bremen Düsseldorf Köln

Münster Detmold Arnsberg Darmstadt Giessen Kassel Koblenz Trier

Rheinhessen-Pfalz

Saariand

Nordwürttemberg-Stuttgart Nordbaden-Karlsruhe Südbaden-Freiburg Südwurttemberg-Tübingen

Oberbayern Niederbayern Oberpfalz Oberfranken Mittelfranken Unterfranken Schwaben Berlin

# **ELLAS:**

Kentriki kai Dytiki Makedonia

Thessalia

Anatoliki Makedonia

Thraki

Anatoliki Sterea kai Nisia Peloponnisos & Dytiki Sterea

**Ipeiros** Kriti

Nisia Anatolikou Aigaiou

# **ESPAÑA:**

Andalucia Aragon Asturias **Baleares** Canarias Cantabria

Castilla-La Mancha

Castilla-Leon Cataluna Extremadura Galicia Madrid Murcia Navarra

Pais Valenciano Pais Vasco La Rioja

# FRANCE:

lle de France

Champagne-Ardennes

Picardie

Haute Normandie

Centre

Basse Normandie

Bourgogne

Nord/Pas-de-Calais

Lorraine Alsace

Franche-Comte Pays de la Loire

Bretagne

Poitou-Charentes

Aquitaine Midi-Pyrénées Limousin Rhône-Alpes Auvergne

Languedoc-Roussillon Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur

Corse

## **UNITES ADMINISTRATIVES REGIONALES ITALIA:**

Valle d'Aosta /Piemonte Cleveland, Durham

Liguria Lombardia

Milano Trentino Veneto

Friuli. Venezia. Giulia

Emilia Toscana Marche Umbria

Lazio Molise e Abbruzzi

Campania Pualie Basilicata Calabria Sicilia Sardegna

## **IRELAND:**

Dublin

Rest Of Leinster

Munster

Connaught/Ulster

# **LUXEMBOURG:**

Centre Sud Nord Est

## **NEDERLAND:**

Groningen Friesland Drente Overiissel Gelderland Utrecht Noord-Holland Zuid-Holland Zeeland Noord-Brabant Limbura

#### **PORTUGAL:**

Flevoland

Norte Centro

Lisboa e Vale do Tejo

Alentejo Algarve Azores Madeira

# **GREAT BRITAIN:**

Cumbria

Northumberland. Tyne & Wear Humberside North Yorkshire South Yorkshire West Yorkshire

Nottinghamshire

Leicestershire,

Derbyshire,

Northamptonshire

Lincolnshire East Anglia Bedfordshire. Hertfordshire

Berkshire.

Buckinghamshire,

Oxfordshire Surrey, East/West Sussex

Essex

Greater London

Hampshire, Isle of Wight

Kent

Avon, Gloucestershire,

Wiltshire Cornwall, Devon Dorset, Somerset Hereford & Worcester. Warwickshire

Shropshire, Staffordshire West Midlands (county)

Cheshire

Greater Manchester

Lancashire Mersevside Clwyd, Dyfed,

Gwynedd, Powys

Gwent,

M-S-W Glamorgan Borders, Central, Fife, Lothian, Tayside Dumfries-Galloway, Strathclyde Highlands, Islands

Grampian

**NORTHERN IRELAND** 

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