

Flash Eurobarometer 348
March 2012

Energy for all: EU support for developing countries

Basic bilingual questionnaire

TNS Political & Social

FL348 - Energy for all - Final Bilingual Matrix

D1 How old are you?

(WRITE DOWN - IF "REFUSAL" CODE '99')

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D2 Gender.

Male	1
Female	2

ASK ALL

Q1 In your view, what is the level of importance of each of the following aspects for overcoming poverty in developing countries?

READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY

		Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not important at all	DK/NA
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1	Having access to food	1	2	3	4	5
2	Living in a democracy where human rights are respected	1	2	3	4	5
3	Having access to energy	1	2	3	4	5
4	Living in peace and security	1	2	3	4	5
5	Having access to safe drinking water and toilets	1	2	3	4	5
6	Having access to health care	1	2	3	4	5
7	Being able to get an education	1	2	3	4	5

Q2 Many people in developing countries have no access to affordable energy (e.g. no electricity in their homes). In which areas of their everyday lives do you think this causes the biggest problems?

READ OUT – MAX. 2 ANSWERS POSSIBLE

Access to health care	1,
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D1 Quel est votre âge ?

(NOTER EN CLAIR - SI "REFUS" CODER '99')

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D2 Sexe du répondant.

Homme	1
Femme	2

A TOUS

Q1 Selon vous, quel est le degré d'importance de chacun des aspects suivants pour surmonter la pauvreté dans les pays en développement?

LIRE - UNE REPONSE PAR LIGNE

		Très important	Plutôt important	Plutôt pas important	Pas du tout important	NSP/SR
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1	Pouvoir se nourrir	1	2	3	4	5
2	Vivre dans une démocratie où les droits de l'homme sont respectés	1	2	3	4	5
3	Avoir accès à l'énergie	1	2	3	4	5
4	Vivre dans la paix et la sécurité	1	2	3	4	5
5	Avoir accès à l'eau potable et aux toilettes	1	2	3	4	5
6	Avoir accès aux soins de santé	1	2	3	4	5
7	Avoir la possibilité d'étudier	1	2	3	4	5

Q2 De nombreuses personnes dans les pays en développement n'ont pas accès à de l'énergie abordable (par ex. pas d'électricité dans leur habitation). Dans quels aspects de leur vie quotidienne pensez-vous que cela cause le plus de problème ?

LIRE – MAX. 2 REPONSES POSSIBLES

L'accès aux soins de santé	1,
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Cooking and preserving food	2,
Learning and studying	3,
Carrying out their daily job	4,
Protecting their local environment	5,
Other (DO NOT READ OUT)	6,
DK/NA	7,

Faire la cuisine et conserver les aliments	2,
Apprendre et étudier	3,
Dans leur travail au quotidien	4,
Protéger leur environnement local	5,
Autre (SPONTANE)	6,
NSP/SR	7,

Q3 People in many countries in the developing world will need more energy in the future. In your view, what should be the main source of energy for this?

Q3 Les gens dans de nombreux pays en développement vont avoir besoin de plus d'énergie dans le futur. Selon vous, quelle devrait être la principale source d'énergie pour cela ?

READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY

LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE

Fossil energy (e.g. oil, gas, coal)	1
Renewable energy (e.g. wind, hydropower, solar energy)	2
Nuclear energy	3
Biomass (e.g. wood)	4
None of them needs to be prioritized (DO NOT READ OUT)	5
Other (DO NOT READ OUT)	6
DK/NA	7

Des énergies fossiles (par ex. le pétrole, le gaz, le charbon)	1
Des énergies renouvelables (par ex. l'éolien, l'hydraulique, le solaire)	2
L'énergie nucléaire	3
La biomasse (par ex. le bois)	4
Aucune de celles-ci n'a besoin d'être une priorité (SPONTANE)	5
Autre (SPONTANE)	6
NSP/SR	7

Q4 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Q4 Dans quelle mesure êtes-vous d'accord ou pas d'accord avec chacune des propositions suivantes?

READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY

LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE

		Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK/NA
1	The European Union should assist developing countries in getting access to energy	1	2	3	4	5
2	2% of the European Union's development aid are spent in helping countries gain access to energy. This share should be higher.	1	2	3	4	5

		Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP/SR
1	L'Union européenne devrait assister les pays en développement à accéder à l'énergie	1	2	3	4	5
2	2% de l'aide au développement de l'Union européenne sont consacrés à aider les pays à accéder à l'énergie. Cette part devrait être plus importante.	1	2	3	4	5

3	The European Union itself also benefits when it helps developing countries to access energy (e.g. through increased trade or creation of jobs in Europe)	1	2	3	4	5
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3	L'Union européenne elle-même bénéficie de l'aide apportée aux pays en développement dans leur accès à l'énergie (par ex. par l'augmentation des échanges commerciaux ou la création d'emplois en Europe)	1	2	3	4	5
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D4 How old were you when you stopped full-time education?

D4 A quel âge avez-vous arrêté vos études à temps complet ?

(INT.: IF "STILL STUDYING", CODE '00' - IF "NO EDUCATION" CODE '01' - IF "REFUSAL" CODE '98' - IF "DK" CODE '99')

(ENQ. : SI "ETUDIE ENCORE", CODER '00' - SI "PAS D'ETUDE" CODER '01' - SI "REFUS" CODER '98' - SI "DK" CODER '99')

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D5a As far as your current occupation is concerned, would you say you are self-employed, an employee, a manual worker or would you say that you are without a professional activity?

D5a En ce qui concerne votre occupation actuelle, diriez-vous que vous êtes indépendant, salarié, ouvrier ou diriez-vous que vous êtes sans activité professionnelle ?

(ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Self-employed	1
Employee	2
Manual worker	3
Without a professional activity	4
Refusal (DO NOT READ OUT)	5

Profession libérale\ Indépendant	1
Employé	2
Ouvrier	3
Sans activité professionnelle	4
Refus (NE PAS LIRE)	5

ASK D5b IF SELF-EMPLOYED, CODE 1 IN D5a

POSER D5b SI INDEPENDANT, CODE 1 EN D5a

D5b Would you say you are...?

D5b Diriez-vous que vous êtes ... ?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(LIRE LES REPONSES – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Farmer, forester, fisherman	1
Owner of shop, craftsman	2
Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, architect,...)	3
Manager of a company	4
Other\ Refusal (DO NOT READ OUT)	5

Agriculteur, sylviculteur, pêcheur	1
Commerçant, artisan	2
Profession libérale (avocat, médecin, comptable, architecte, ...)	3
Dirigeant d'une entreprise	4
Autre\ Refus (NE PAS LIRE)	5

ASK D5c IF EMPLOYEE, CODE 2 IN D5a

POSER D5c SI EMPLOYEE, CODE 2 EN D5a

D5c Would you say you are...?

D5c Diriez-vous que vous êtes ... ?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(LIRE LES REPONSES – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Professional (employed doctor, lawyer, accountant, architect, ...)	1
General management, director or top management	2
Middle management	3
Civil servant	4
Office clerk	5
Other employee (salesman, nurse, ...)	6
Other\ Refusal (DO NOT READ OUT)	7

Cadre employé (médecin sous convention, avocat, comptable, architecte, ...)	1
Direction générale, directeur ou direction supérieure	2
Cadre moyen	3
Fonctionnaire	4
Employé(e) de bureau	5
Autre salarié (commercial, infirmière, ...)	6
Autre\ Refus (NE PAS LIRE)	7

ASK D5d IF MANUAL WORKER, CODE 3 IN D5a

POSER D5b SI OUVRIER, CODE 3 EN D5a

D5d Would you say you are...?

D5d Diriez-vous que vous êtes ... ?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(LIRE LES REPONSES – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Supervisor\ foreman (team manager, ...)	1
Manual worker	2
Unskilled manual worker	3
Other\ Refusal (DO NOT READ OUT)	4

Superviseur\ agent de maîtrise (chef d'équipe, ...)	1
Ouvrier	2
Ouvrier non qualifié	3
Autre\ Refus (NE PAS LIRE)	4

ASK D5e IF WITHOUT A PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITY, CODE 4 IN D5a

POSER D5E SI SANS ACTIVITE PROFESSIONNELLE, CODE 4 EN D5a

D5e Would you say you are...?

D5e Diriez-vous que vous êtes ... ?

(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(LIRE LES REPONSES – UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Looking after the home	1
Student (full time)	2
Retired	3
Seeking a job	4
Other\ Refusal (DO NOT READ OUT)	5

Femme\ Homme au foyer	1
Étudiant (temps plein)	2
Retraité	3
Demandeur d'emploi	4
Autre\ Refus (NE PAS LIRE)	5

D12 What region do you live in?

D12 Dans quelle région habitez-vous?

(READ OUT IF NECESSARY - ONE ANSWER ONLY)

(CITER SI NECESSAIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

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D13 Would you say you live in a...?

D13 Diriez-vous que vous vivez ... ?

(READ OUT - SINGLE CODE)

(CITER - UNE SEULE REPONSE)

Rural area or village	1
Small or medium-sized town	2
Large town/city	3
DK (DO NOT READ OUT)	4

Dans une commune rurale	1
Dans une ville petite ou moyenne	2
Dans une grande ville	3
NSP (NE PAS CITER)	4

D18	Have you got a mobile phone?
(DO NOT READ OUT)	
Yes	1
No	2

D18	Avez-vous un téléphone mobile ?
(NE PAS CITER)	
Oui	1
Non	2

D20	Have you got a landline phone?
(DO NOT READ OUT)	
Yes	1
No	2

D20	Avez-vous une ligne de téléphone fixe ?
(NE PAS CITER)	
Oui	1
Non	2

D22	Could you tell me how many people aged 15 years or more live in your household, yourself included?
(WRITE DOWN - IF "DK" CODE '98' - IF "REFUSAL" CODE '99')	
	Number of people aged 15 or more in the household

D22	Pouvez-vous me dire combien de personnes âgées de 15 ans et plus vivent dans votre foyer, y compris vous-même ?
(NOTER EN CLAIR - SI 'NE SAIT PAS' CODER '98' - SI REFUS CODER '99')	
	Nombre de personnes âgées de 15 ans et plus dans le foyer

FLASH EUROBAROMETER 348
"Energy for all: EU support for developing countries"
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Between the 18th and the 21st of March 2012, TNS Political & Social, a consortium created between TNS political & social, TNS UK and TNS opinion, carried out the survey FLASH EUROBAROMETER 348 about "Energy for all: EU support for developing countries".

This survey has been requested by the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate-General for Development and Cooperation – EuropeAid. It is a general public survey co-ordinated by the Directorate-General for Communication ("Research and Speechwriting" Unit). The FLASH EUROBAROMETER 348 covers the population of the respective nationalities of the European Union Member States, resident in each of the 27 Member States and aged 15 years and over. The survey covers the national population of citizens (in these countries) as well as the population of citizens of all the European Union Member States that are residents in these countries and have a sufficient command of the national languages to answer the questionnaire. All interviews were carried using the TNS e-Call centre (our centralized CATI system). In every country respondents were called both on fixed lines and mobile phones. The basic sample design applied in all states is multi-stage random (probability). In each household, the respondent was drawn at random following the "last birthday rule".

TNS have developed their own RDD sample generation capabilities based on using contact telephone numbers from responders to random probability or random location face to face surveys, such as Eurobarometer, as seed numbers. The approach works because the seed number identifies a working block of telephone numbers and reduces the volume of numbers generated that will be ineffective. The seed numbers are stratified by NUTS2 region and urbanisation to approximate a geographically representative sample. From each seed number the required sample of numbers are generated by randomly replacing the last two digits. The sample is then screened against business databases in order to exclude as many of these numbers as possible before going into field. This approach is consistent across all countries.

ABBR.	COUNTRIES	INSTITUTES	N° INTERVIEWS	FIELDWORK DATES		POPULATION 15+
BE	Belgium	TNS Dimarso	504	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	8.939.546
BG	Bulgaria	TNS BBSS	505	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	6.537.510
CZ	Czech Rep.	TNS Aisa s.r.o	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	9.012.443
DK	Denmark	TNS Gallup A/S	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	4.561.264
DE	Germany	TNS Infratest	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	64.409.146
EE	Estonia	TNS Emor	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	945.733
EL	Greece	TNS ICAP	501	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	8.693.566
ES	Spain	TNS Demoscopia S.A	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	39.035.867
FR	France	TNS Sofres	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	47.756.439
IE	Ireland	IMS Millward Brown	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	3.522.000
IT	Italy	TNS Infratest	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	51.862.391
CY	Rep. of Cyprus	CYMAR	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	660.400
LV	Latvia	TNS Latvia	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	1.447.866
LT	Lithuania	TNS Lithuania	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	2.829.740
LU	Luxembourg	TNS Dimarso	502	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	404.907
HU	Hungary	TNS Hoffmann Kft	502	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	8.320.614
MT	Malta	MISCO International Ltd	503	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	335.476
NL	Netherlands	TNS NIPO	503	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	13.371.980
AT	Austria	TNS Austria	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	7.009.827
PL	Poland	TNS OBOP	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	32.413.735
PT	Portugal	TNS EUROTESTE	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	8.080.915
RO	Romania	TNS CSOP	502	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	18.246.731
SI	Slovenia	RM PLUS	504	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	1.759.701
SK	Slovakia	TNS AISA Slovakia	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	4.549.955
FI	Finland	TNS Gallup Oy	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	4.440.004
SE	Sweden	TNS SIFO	500	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	7.791.240
UK	United Kingdom	TNS UK	502	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	51.848.010
TOTAL EU27			13.528	19/03/2012	21/03/2012	408.787.006

For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from Eurostat population data or from national statistics offices. For all countries surveyed, a national weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out based on this Universe description. In all countries, gender, age, region and size of locality were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. EU averages), TNS Political & Social applies the official population figures as provided by EUROSTAT or national statistic offices. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

Readers are reminded that survey results are estimations, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits:

Observed percentages	10% or 90%	20% or 80%	30% or 70%	40% or 60%	50%
Confidence limits	± 1.9 points	± 2.5 points	± 2.7 points	± 3.0 points	± 3.1 points

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